

EPIDENDRUM TURIALVÆ, n. sp.

(Amphiglottium.) Caule erecto, polyphyllo; foliis papyraceis linearibus acutis basi cuneatis usque spathamæis vaginis pedunculi superioris arctis acutis, inflorescentia racemosa, nunc subpaniculata; bracteis squamæformibus minutis; sepalis a basi lineari-oblongis acutis; tepalis linearibus acutis apice dilatatis; labelli laciniis posticis alte cordatis antice obtusangulis, isthmo lato, lacinia antica bicruri, cruribus omnino divaricatis linearibus extus retusis; carinis geminis a basi in apicem; callo utrinque in basi obtusangulo.—*Epidendrum*, n. sp.? Rchb. fil., Beitr. Cent. Am. p. 85.

When I wrote the above-cited pamphlet, I did not dare to propose this as a new species, since the flowers and the interior part of the plant were not consistent. And yet they had been given me by that most honest observer, Hermann Wendland. I am not at all surprised to find that he was completely justified for having put the fragments together, since the plant has now reappeared in the Saundersian collection (N. 2124). Mr. W. Saunders also introduced it from Costa Rica.
H. G. Rchb. fil.