

Lepanthes coeloglossa Luer, sp. nov.

Planta perparva, inflorescentia foliis ellipticis plus minusve longiore, racemo congesto disticho, sepalis ovatis subaequalibus pro parte maxima libris, petalis bilobis, lobo superiore oblongo, lobo inferiore falcato, labelli laminis oblongis corpore protuberanti et excavata.

Plant very small, epiphytic, caespitose; roots filiform. Secondary stems slender, erect, 15-25 mm long, enclosed by 3-4 microscopically ciliate lepanthiform sheaths. Leaf erect, coriaceous, elliptical, the blade 9-10 mm long, 6-7 mm wide, the apex subacute to obtuse, the base broadly cuneate into the petiole 2 mm long. Inflorescence a congested, distichous, successively flowered raceme

This species is superficially similar to many others with long-acuminate leaves and a short, congested inflorescence, but the lateral sepals are fimbriate, the petals and blades of the lip are long-ciliate, and the appendix is double, both appendices being short and ciliate, side by side in a broad sinus.