

16. ***RESTREPIA RADULIFERA*** Luer & R. Escobar, sp. nov.

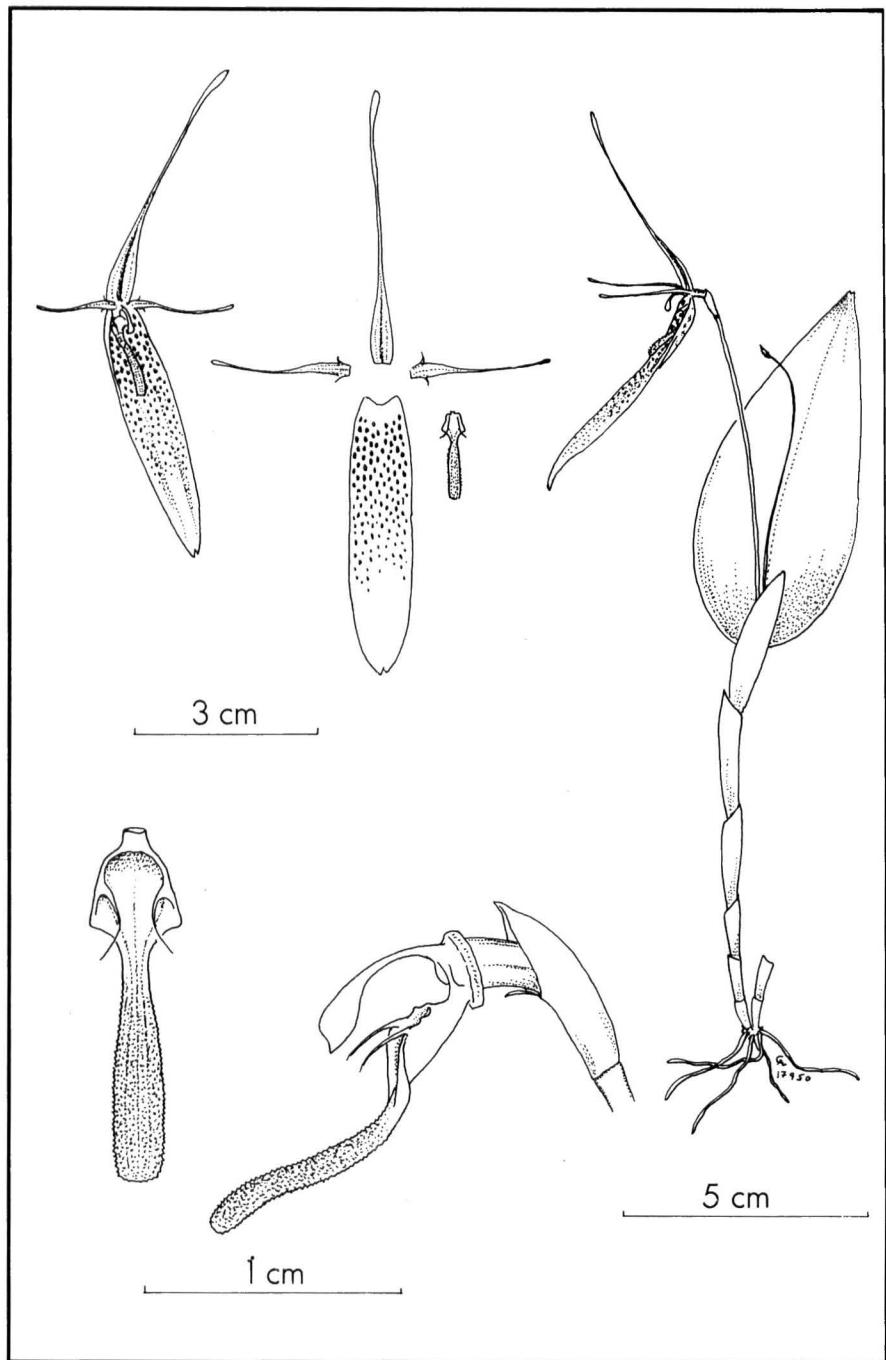
ETIMOLOGIA: Del latín *radulifer*, “que lleva una lima”, en referencia al espiculado y angosto labelo.

ETYMOLOGY: From the Latin *radulifer*, “bearing a rasp,” referring to the narrow, spiculate lip.

Planta mediocris, pedunculo folio plus minusve aequilongo, flore grandi, synsepalo anguste oblongo brunneo guttato ad apicem aurantico, et labello elongato anguste pandurato epichilio spiculato differt.

Plant medium in size, epiphytic, caespitose; roots slender. Ramicauls erect, 4.7-5 cm long, enclosed by 5-6 whitish, compressed, unspotted, more or less imbricating sheaths. Leaf erect, coriaceous, suffused with purple beneath, ovate, acute to subacute, 5-7.5 cm long, 2.5-3 cm wide, the base rounded, contracted into a twisted petiole 0.5 cm long. Inflorescence a solitary flower, produced successively up the back side of the leaf; peduncle slender, 7 cm long; floral bract thin, tubular, 8 mm long; pedicel stout, 2.5 mm long, with a short filament; ovary 5 mm long; sepals membranous, the dorsal sepal free, erect, translucent white with the midvein dark brown, narrowly ovate below the middle, attenuated above the middle with the apex clavate-thickened, 43 mm long, 3.5 mm wide above the base, 5-veined, the lateral sepals connate into a narrowly oblong lamina, bifid at the obtuse apex, brown on lower third, orange on outer two-thirds, spotted with dark reddish brown on lower third, spots much smaller on middle third, disappearing on distal third, 45 mm long, 10 mm wide, multiple-veined; petals membranous, translucent white, midvein dark brown, narrowly linear-triangular, 22 mm long, 1.3 mm wide above the base, both margins with a capillary process near the base, attenuated above the middle with the apex clavate-thickened; lip dull yellow-green, dotted with purple, narrowly oblong-pandurate, 13 mm long, the hypochile concave, 3 mm wide, with a pair of narrowly acute processes becoming capillary, the isthmus 1.3 mm wide, the epichile narrowly oblong, markedly spiculate, 2 mm wide, the disc with a pair of low carinae extending forward from the base of each process onto the epichile, the base subtruncate, connected to the column-foot by a rigid, cylindrical neck; column greenish white, slender, clavate, 6 mm long, the base pedestal-like with a pair of obtuse calli.

VENEZUELA: Edo. Táchira: Páramo de Tamá, alt. ca. 2500 m, collected by Norberto Valencia, flowered in cultivation at Colomborquídeas, 7 July 1996, C. Luer 17950 (Holotype: MO).



Restrepia radulifera Luer & R. Escobar

Vegetativamente esta especie es parecida a muchas de las especies de tamaño mediano con una hoja ovada. Cerca al ápice de la hoja se presenta una flor grande con un sinsépalo moteado, largo y angosto. El sinsépalo es de color naranja-café con las manchas de color café oscuro desapareciendo hacia el ápice. El pandurado labelo, largo y angosto es muy característico, con el angostamente oblongo epíquilo cubierto de diminutas espículas.

Vegetatively this species is similar to many of the medium-sized species of the genus with an ovate leaf. Near the apex of the leaf a large flower with a long, narrow, spotted synsepal is held. The synsepal is orange-brown with the dark brown spots disappearing toward the apex. The long, narrow, pandurate lip is most distinctive, the narrowly oblong epichile being covered by minute spicules.



R. radulifera Luer & R. Escobar